

BiblioteQ Administrator Guide

Introduction

This document details the installation, configuration, and removal of BiblioteQ.

1. PostgreSQL Database Configuration

1.1 Database Configuration

BiblioteQ supports PostgreSQL 8.x, 9.x, and newer. Please follow the PostgreSQL-provided documentation for installing PostgreSQL. After installing the required PostgreSQL packages, please perform the following operations:

- a) Create the xbook_db database via `createdb xbook_db -E UTF8` or via the PostgreSQL-recommended procedure. Please note that xbook_db is only a suggestion.
- b) Execute `createlang plpgsql -d xbook_db` or the PostgreSQL-recommended procedure for adding a new programming language to the xbook_db database.
- c) If desired, replace all instances of the default administrator xbook_admin in `postgresql_create_schema.sql` file.
- d) Log into your PostgreSQL xbook_db database and load the `postgresql_create_schema.sql` file via `\i postgresql_create_schema.sql`. While logged in, please load the unaccent extension via `CREATE EXTENSION IF NOT EXISTS unaccent`. You may remove the extension via the `DROP EXTENSION` command.
- e) Please remember to set a new password for the xbook_admin account.

1.2 Database Updates

It is sometimes necessary to update a database schema after a software update. To do so, please execute the version-specific SQL statements that are located in `postgresql_update_schema.sql`. You may also be required to execute additional steps via BiblioteQ. Please read and follow the version-specific instructions listed at http://biblioteq.sourceforge.net/release_notes.html.

2. BiblioteQ Installation

2.1 OS X Installation

Please copy the contents of the OS X bundle to the desired folder. You may be required to copy `biblioteq.conf` to `/`.

2.2 Unix Installation

Installing BiblioteQ on platforms that lack prepared bundles involves several operations. First, please resolve the following software prerequisites:

- a) Qt 4.8.x must be installed. Qt 5.x is also supported. Qt 4.7.4 is loosely supported. Please download Qt from <https://www.qt.io/download>. You have the option of building Qt with the PostgreSQL driver or creating the driver separately as a plugin.
- b) YAZ 4.2.x, or higher, must be installed. Please download the software from <http://www.indexdata.com/yaz>.

- c) If you intend to use PostgreSQL, the PostgreSQL database package must be installed. Please download the software from <https://www.postgresql.org/download>.
- d) If you intend to use SQLite, the SQLite package must be installed. Please download the software from <https://www.sqlite.org/download.html>.
- e) After the required dependencies have been fulfilled and your environment is properly configured for Qt, build BiblioteQ via `qmake -o Makefile biblioteq.pro && make`. Some systems provide `gmake`, `qmake-qt4`, and `qmake-qt5`.

2.3 Windows Installation

Windows users are urged to download the appropriate bundle. The bundle contains BiblioteQ.exe as well as an assortment of dependencies.

3. Configuring BiblioteQ

Configuring the runtime environment of BiblioteQ is relatively simple. Bundled with the software is the `biblioteq.conf` file. After BiblioteQ has been installed, please review the `biblioteq.conf` file. If necessary, please modify it to suit your preferences.

4. Removing BiblioteQ

4.1 OS X

Remove the `/Applications/BiblioteQ.d` directory. You may also wish to remove the configuration directory (`~/biblioteq`).

4.2 Unix

Remove the `/usr/local/biblioteq` directory. You may also wish to remove the configuration directory (`~/biblioteq`).

4.3 Windows

Remove the BiblioteQ folder.

5. PostgreSQL Database Preparation

The `pg_hba.conf` and `postgresql.conf` files must be modified. The location of these files varies. Please restart the database service after modifying the files.

Example `pg_hba.conf`:

```
host    xbook_db    all          192.168.178.0/24    md5
hostssl xbook_db    all          192.168.178.0/24    md5
```

Example `postgresql.conf`:

```
listen_addresses = '192.168.178.1, localhost'
```

6. PostgreSQL Database Removal

The script `postgresql_destroy_schema.sql` may be used to remove the original database `xbook_db` and other objects created by the `postgresql_create_schema.sql` script.

6.1 OS X and Unix

The `dropdb` command may be used to remove a PostgreSQL database. The `dropuser` command may be used to remove PostgreSQL users. If available, `pgAdmin` may also be used.

6.2 Windows

Please use `pgAdmin`.

7. SQLite Database Removal

Delete the desired SQLite database file(s).